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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
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| 10/072,169 | 02/07/2002 | Gregory M. Wright | 16159.072001 | 1320 |

32615 7590 07/02/2003

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HOUSTON, TX 77010

EXAMINER

MCLEAN MAYO, KIMBERLY N

| ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
|----------|--------------|
|----------|--------------|

2187

DATE MAILED: 07/02/2003

7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PR2

| | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. 10/072,169 | Applicant(s) WRIGHT ET AL. | |
| | Examiner Kimberly N. McLean-Mayo | Art Unit 2187 | |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 February 2002.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-36 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 07 February 2002 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>2</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. The enclosed detailed action is in response to the Information Disclosure Statement and the Application submitted on February 7, 2002.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-9 and 19-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Henderson et al. (USPN: 6,446,188).

Regarding claims 1, 3-4, 7 and 9, Henderson discloses a computer system comprising a processor (Figure 2A); a processor (Figure 2A, Reference 204); an object cache operatively connected to the processor (Figure 2A, Reference 210); a memory (Figure 2A, memory coupled to Reference 206; C 4, L 66); a translator interposed between the object cache and the memory, wherein the translator maps an object address, (which is generated by the processor using the addressing format of the system [extended address encoding], which embeds [maps] the address into an unused part of a physical address range), to a physical address within the memory, thereby converting operations using the object address into operations using the physical address (Figure 3A, Reference 310; C 3, L 15-20; C 5, L 28-30).

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Regarding claim 2, Henderson discloses the object address comprising an object identification number and an offset (refer to Figure 3A, References 308a – 308c).

Regarding claim 5, Henderson discloses the translator mapping the object address to the physical address using a table (Figure 3A, Reference 316).

Regarding claim 6, Henderson discloses using an extended instruction set (the instruction set of the processor is interpreted as the extended instruction set).

Regarding claim 8, Henderson discloses loading a plurality of cache lines from the memory (when plural cache misses occur, plural cache lines are retrieved from main memory and loaded into the cache memory).

Regarding claims 19-20, 25, 28-29 and 34, Henderson discloses a method for retrieving an object comprising obtaining an object address corresponding to the object (object address is obtained from the virtual address output from a processor); determining if the object address corresponds to a tag in a tag array of a cache and retrieving the object address if the tag corresponding to the object address is in the tag array (C 7, L 10-20); translating the object address into a physical address if the object address is not in the tag array using a translator (using table 316 in Reference 316 of Figure 3A; C 5, L 61-67; C 6, L 1-5); and retrieving a cache line [from main memory] using the physical address if the object address is not in the tag array and entering the

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cache line into the cache (when a cache miss occurs a cache line is retrieved from main memory).

Regarding claims 21-22 and 30-31, Henderson discloses the object address comprising an object identification number and an offset (refer to Figure 3A, References 308a – 308c).

Regarding claims 23-24, 26, 32-33 and 35, Henderson discloses an object address, (which is generated by the processor using the addressing format of the system [extended address encoding], which embeds [maps] the address into an unused part of a physical address range), to a physical address within the memory, thereby converting operations using the object address into operations using the physical address (Figure 3A, Reference 310; C 3, L 15-20; C 5, L 28-30).

Regarding claims 27 and 36, Henderson discloses loading a plurality of cache lines from the memory (when plural cache misses occur, plural cache lines are retrieved from main memory and loaded into the cache memory).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 10-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Frank (PGPUB: US 2002/0178341) in view of Henderson et al. (USPN: 6,446,188).

Regarding claims 10, 12-13, 16 and 18, Frank discloses a computer system (Figure 3) comprising a plurality of processors (Figure 3, References labeled Computer, such as References 108 and 120); an object cache operatively connected to the plurality of processors (Figure 3, Reference 112); a memory (Figure 3, Reference 114 – memory which contains website information for Reference 114; Page 4, Section [0036], lines 5+). Frank does not explicitly disclose a translator interposed between the object cache and the memory, wherein the translator maps an object address to a physical address within the memory wherein the translator maps an object address, (which is generated by the processor using the addressing format of the system [extended address encoding], which embeds [maps] the object address into an unused part of a physical address range), to a physical address within the memory, thereby converting operations using the object address into operations using the physical address. Henderson teaches the concept of a translator interposed between the object cache and the memory, wherein the translator maps an object address, (which is generated by the processor using the addressing format of the system [extended address encoding], which embeds [maps] the address into an unused part of a physical address range), to a physical address within the memory, thereby converting operations using the object address into operations using the physical address (Figure 3A, Reference 310; C 3, L 15-20; C 5, L 28-30). This feature taught by Henderson provides an efficient means for allocating objects to the processor by mapping the objects into the physical address space. Although not disclosed by Frank, means for translating an object address [address from processor] to a physical address is required since the addresses output from a processor is

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not the type of address used by the physical memory devices and thus in order to access the physical memory devices a translation is required. Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use Henderson's teachings with the teachings of Frank for the desirable purpose of necessity and efficiency.

Regarding claim 11, the system taught by Frank and Henderson discloses the object address comprising an object identification number and an offset (Henderson - refer to Figure 3A, References 308a - 308c).

Regarding claim 14, the system taught by Frank and Henderson discloses the translator mapping the object address to the physical address using a table (Figure 3A, Reference 316).

Regarding claim 15, the system taught by Frank and Henderson discloses using an extended instruction set (the instruction set of the processors is interpreted as the extended instruction set).

Regarding claim 17, the system taught by Frank and Henderson discloses loading a plurality of cache lines from the memory (when plural cache misses occur, plural cache lines are retrieved from main memory and loaded into the cache memory).

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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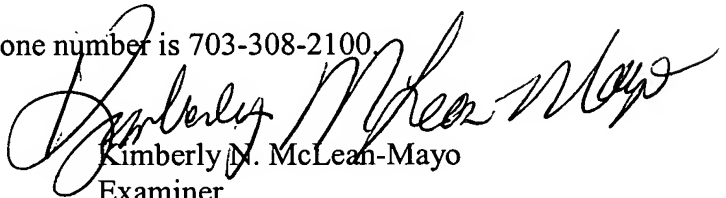
Duvillier – PG PUB: US 2002/0103819 – object cache.

Huber – USPN: 6,070,173 – object cache.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kimberly N. McLean-Mayo whose telephone number is 703-308-9592. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:00 - 6:30) First Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Donald Sparks can be reached on 703-308-1756. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-7329 for regular communications and 703-746-7240 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-2100.


Kimberly N. McLean-Mayo
Examiner
Art Unit 2187

KNM

June 25, 2003